МИНОБРНАУКИ РОССИИ

Кумертауский филиал федерального государственного бюджетного образовательного учреждения высшего образования «Оренбургский государственный университет» (Кумертауский филиал ОГУ)

УТВЕРЖДАЮ
Зам. директора по УМиНР
ПЮ. Полякова
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ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ ПО УЧЕБНОЙ ДИСЦИПЛИНЕ ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК В ПРОФЕССИОНАЛЬНОЙ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТИ

Специальность 07.02.01 Архитектура

Фонд оценочных средств по учебной дисциплине «Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности» разработан на основе рабочей программы учебной дисциплины «Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности» по специальности 07.02.01 Архитектура, укрупненной группы 07.00.00 Архитектура.

Организация-разработчик: <u>Кумертауский филиал ФГБОУ ВО «Оренбургский государственный университет»</u>

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Рассмотрено и одобрено на заседании ПЦК «Общепрофессиональных дисциплин»

Протокол № <u>5</u> от « <u>05</u>» <u>10</u> 2023г.

Председатель ПЦК

Е.А. Сельменева

ПАСПОРТ

фонда оценочных средств учебной дисциплины иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности

В результате освоения учебной дисциплины обучающийся должен уметь:

- понимать общий смысл воспроизведённых высказываний в пределах литературной нормы на профессиональные темы
- понимать содержание текста, как на базовые, так и на профессиональные темы
- осуществлять высказывания (устно и письменно) на иностранном языке на профессиональные темы
- осуществлять переводы (со словарем и без словаря) иностранных тексов профессиональной направленности
 - строить простые высказывания о себе и своей профессий деятельности
- выполнять письменные простые связные сообщения на интересующие профессиональные темы

В результате освоения учебной дисциплины обучающийся должен знать:

- особенности произношения интернациональных слов и правила чтения технической терминологии и лексики профессиональной направленности
 - основные общеупотребительные глаголы профессиональной лексики
- лексический (1000 1200 лексических единиц) минимум, относящийся к описанию предметов, средств и процессов профессиональной деятельности
- основные грамматические правила, необходимые для построения простых и сложных предложений на профессиональные темы и перевода текстов профессиональной направленности

Содержание дисциплины должно быть ориентировано на подготовку студентов к освоению профессиональных модулей, овладению общими компетенциями:

ОК 09 Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках

Перечень оценочных средств по разделам (темам) учебной дисциплины

№ п/п	Разделы (темы) дисциплины	Наименование оценочного средства
1	Раздел 1 Иностранный язык в	Тестирование
	профессиональном общении	Выполнение практических работ
2	Раздел 2 Профессиональный модуль	Тестирование
		Выполнение практических работ
3	Раздел 3 Деловая и профессиональная среда	Тестирование
	общения. Этика и нормы делового и	Выполнение практических работ
	профессионального общения	
4	Раздел 4 Финансы в системе международных	Тестирование
	экономических отношений	Выполнение практических работ

КОНТРОЛЬНО-ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ СРЕДСТВА

РАЗДЕЛ 1 ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК В ПРОФЕССИОНАЛЬНОМ ОБЩЕНИИ

1. Артикли	
Выберите один вариант ответа	c) school
1. St. Bernard dogs are named after a	d) the school
monastery high up in	6 Show me on this map,
a) a Alps	please.
b) Alps	a) the Canary Islands
c) the Alps	b) a Canary Islands
d) an Alps	c) an Canary Islands
2 You could buy at \$500 in	d) Canary Islands
those days.	7 Coffee isn't popular in England,
a) a Picasso	prefer tea.
b) the Picasso	a) a English
c) an Picasso	b) the English
d) Picasso	c) an English
3 English is not language	d) English
spoken in Great Britain.	8 They used to spend their summer
a) a only	holidays in
b) the only	a) a Crimea
c) an only	b) an Crimea
d) only	c) Crimea
4 I can't get through to	d) the Crimea
a) a Johnsons	9 You can easily find that place.
b) an Johnsons	There's in the middle of the
c) the Johnsons	square.
d) Johnsons	a) monument
5 The other day Dad was invited to	b) an monument
to see the headmaster.	c) the monument
a) a school	d) a monument
b) an school	,
2 Существительное	
Выберите один вариант ответа	
1 All of the world should be	a) is
peaceful.	b) don't
a) man	c) are
b) humanity	d) were
c) peoples	3 Do you think the police
d) mankind	well-paid?
2 Ten miles a long way to	a) is
ride	h) are

c) doesn't	c) can
d) isn't	d) becoming
4 There are special schools for	7 The money to him.
a) the blinds	a) belongb) do not belong
b) blinds	c) is not belonging
c) a blind	d) belongs
d) the blind	8 I advise you to visit my
5 The staff of our hospital includes	a) father-in-law library's
qualified	b) father's-in-law library
a) women-doctors	c) father-in-law's library
b) woman-doctors	d) father-in-laws' library
c) womans-doctor	9 He had holiday last
d) women-doctor	summer.
6 The Russian people invincible.	a) month's
a) don't	b) a month's c) a months'
b) is	d) months's
0) 15	a) monus s
Выполнение практических работ	
Di птолидаотод громмотинооти супром	cuonna.
Выполняются грамматические упраж 1. Choose the correct form of the plural for	
1. The plural of "key" is	d) enemes
a) keys	5. The plural of "way" is
b) keyies	a) waies
c) keies	b) wayes
d) keyes	c) wayses
2. The plural of "church" is	d) ways
a) churchs	6. The plural of "show" is
b) churchies	a) showes
c) churches	b) showies
d) churies	c) showers
3. The plural of "box" is	d) shows
a) boxs	7. The plural of "wish" is
	-
b) boxies	a) wish
c) box	b) wishies
d) boxes	c) wishs
4. The plural of "enemy" is	d) wishes
a) enemys	8. The plural of "baby" is
b) enemies	a) babys
c) enemyes	b) babies

- c) babyes
- d) babyses
- 9. The plural of "line" is
 - a) lines
 - b) linies
 - c) lins

- d) linses
- 10. The plural of "loss" is
 - a) loss
 - b) lossies
 - c) losses
 - d) lossys
- **2.** For each noun make the plural form. Berry, book, arch, fire, fly, clock, dish, burger, dress, match.

РАЗДЕЛ 2 ПРОФЕССИОНАЛЬНЫЙ МОДУЛЬ

Лексический диктант:

- to enquire about чтобы узнать о чем-либо
- to get more details about чтобы уточнить детали
- to explain чтобы объяснить
- to remind чтобы напомнить
- to recommend чтобы рекомендовать
- to confirm чтобы подтвердить
- и другие варианты.
- I confirm that Я подтверждаю, что
- I would like to clarify Я хотел бы уточнить
- I kindly ask you to Прошу вас
- We'd like to propose that Я бы хотел предложить
- Maybe it would be better to Возможно, было бы лучше
- I agree with you on that point Я согласен с вами по этому пункту
- You have a strong point there Здесь вы правы
- I think we can both agree that Я думаю, мы оба согласимся, что
- I don't see any problem with that Я не вижу в этом проблемы
- I'd have to disagree with you there Вынужден с вами не согласиться здесь
 - I'm afraid that doesn't work for me Я боюсь, мне это не подходит
- Please accept our apologies for Пожалуйста, примите наши извинения за
- To compensate for the inconvenience caused Чтобы компенсировать неудобства, вызванные (причина)
 - We apologize for delay Мы извиняемся за задержку
 - Thanks for your letter Благодарю вас за ваше письмо
- Please accept my sincere gratitude Примите мою искреннюю благодарность
 - I'm very obliged to you Я вам очень обязан
 - We are obliged for your letter of Мы признательны за ваше письмо

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter — Благодарим вас за незамедлительное внимание к этому вопросу Please find attached — Пожалуйста, посмотрите прикрепленный файл You can find in attachment — Вы можете найти в прикрепленных файлах I am enclosing — Я прикладываю I forward to you — Я пересылаю вам I am looking forward to your confirmation — С нетерпением жду вашего подтверждения I shall be pleased to answer your questions — Я буду рад(а) ответить на ваши вопросы Please, inform me / let me know in the shortest time possible — Пожалуйста, сообщите мне в кратчайшие сроки Your early reply will be appreciated — Будем благодарны за скорый ответ Looking forward to hearing from you soon / in the near future — C нетерпением ждем ответа от вас в скором времени / в ближайшем будущем We are awaiting your reply as soon as possible — Мы ожидаем ответа от вас так скоро, как будет возможно I appreciate your getting back to me — Буду благодарен за ответ I look forward to your reply at your convenience — Жду ответа в удобное для вас время Тестирование 1 5. This radio gives you the news. 1. She hasn't come home a) last a) still *b)* latest b) already c) fresh c) yet d) later d) till 6. I only one mistake in last 2. I TV yesterday evening. night's quiz. a) saw a) made b) looked b) done c) viewed c) did *d)* watched d) make 13. We live the city centre. 7. She wanted me to tell her the a) near truth. b) next a) all c) by b) exact

c) real

d) whole

birthday.

a) for

8. That's what I would like my

d) nearby

a) as

b) like

c) similar

d) same

4. She looks a famous film star.

b) at	d) could
c) in	15. They do their homework
d) on	today because it is a holiday at the
9. I go to see the dentist last	school.
week because I had a toothache.	a) must not
a) must	b) don't have
b) must to	c) cannot
c) had to	d) didn't
d) can	16. I help you with your
10. I could bought that car but I	shopping because you have a lot of
didn't have enough money to pay for	bags.
the	a) ought
petrol.	b) ought to
a) had	c) thought
b) have	d) though
c) have to	17. When will you come and see
d) has	us in our new house?
11. I go now because I am	a) can
already late for my class.	b) be able to
a) want	3c) must
b) had	d) shall
c) have to	18. I may go to Paris next week
d) am	because there is a very big exhibition
12. I may able to come to your	there.
birthday party if I have the time.	a) have
a) be	b) have to
b) being	c) had
c) being to	d) had to
d) have	19. I want little sugar in my tea,
13. Do you clean the house every	please.
day or every week?	a) a
a) must	b) the
b) have	c) such
c) have to	d) this
d) may	20. In end we decided not to go
14. I speak Spanish without a	to the cinema but to watch television.
problem now because I have had many	a) the
lessons.	b) this
a) may	c) an
b) can	d) a
c) have	

1. I hope that the truth very soon.	6. By the time we came to the bookshop all books
A) will find out	A) 11
B) will be finding out	A) are sold
C) is found out	B) were sold
D) will be found out	C) had been sold
E) shall find out	D) are being soldE) is being sold
2. The sports competitions which	7 New celleges in our city even
on Sunday by a lot of people.	7. New colleges in our city every year.
A) are held / will be visited	A) is built
B) was held / will visit	A) is built
C) will held / will visit	B) are to be built
D) have been held / have visited	C) will build
E) will be held / will be visited	D) are built
	E) have built
3. The business letter just	8. This year a very beautiful theatre
A) is / written	in our city.
B) has / been written	
C) was / written	A) built
D) were / written	B) was built
E) is / going to write	C) has been built
E) is 7 going to write	D) had been built
4. All the business letters	E) has built
yesterday. They to the post office immediately.	9. This school next year.
A) answered / take	A) will close
B) were answered / took	B) is closed
C) are answered / were taken	C) will be closed
D) answered / took	D) was closed
E) were answered / were taken	E) would be closed
L) were answered / were taken	
5. I that I at the station at 5.	10. It is winter. Everything with snow.
A) was told / should be met	4) : 1
B) told / is being met	A) is covered
C) tells / am met	B) covered
D) am told / was met	C) were covered D) will cover
E) will be told / would be met	E) are covered

1. He knew that Mary (be) the student	b) were sleeping
but he was not sure about it.	c) has been sleeping
a) was	11. Lena asked if I her my pen.
b) is	a) could lend
c) had been	b) could have lent
2. I expected that my friend (help) me	c) will lend
with my car.	12. He said he to the pool the next
a) would help	day.
b) will help	a) is going
c) helped	b) has gone
3. Granny said that she (loose) her	c) was going
glass.	13. Lucy says she well.
a) has lost	a) hadn't left
b) had lost	b) don't feel
c) lost	c) is not feeling
4. We knew that our friend (be ill) for	14. Andy asked Kate if she to the
several days.	circus.
a) was ill	a) has ever been
b) has been ill	b) had ever been
c) is ill	c) is
5. He did not answer the phone because	15. Tom said he to see a new film
he (sleep).	a) wanted
a) was sleeping	b) has wanted
b) slept	c) will want
c) is sleeping	16. Nick demanded the window.
6. He said he (come) later.	a) closed
a) would come	b) to close
b) came	c) to be close
c) had come	17. Claire explained that she to
7. Carol says she Fred for years.	hurt me.
a) was known	a) wasn't mean
b) has been knowing	b) hadn't meant
c) has known	c) hasn't meant
8. Mom asked what time we back	18. She said they to the beach if
the day before.	the weather was fine.
a) had come	a) will go
b) have come	b) went
c) come	c) would go
9. The teacher ordered the pupils	19. Tom says he a newspaper.
a) not to shout	a) is reading
b) to not shout	b) was read
c) don't shout	c) read
10. Chris said his parents then.	20. My father asked if I that film.
a) sleep	a) has watched

a) played
b) had been playing
c) has played
24. My aunt said she me an
interesting book.
a) may bring
b) might brought
c) might bring
25. The customer asked where they
meat.
a) has sold
b) sold
c) will sell

Выполнение практических работ 1

morning the day before.

Выполняются грамматические упражнения

Exercise 1. Преобразуйте прямую речь в косвенную, переведите получившиеся предложения.

- 1. "Explain to me how to solve this problem," said my friend to me.
- 2. "I can't explain this rule to you," said my classmate to me.
- 3. "You have done your work well," said the teacher to me.
- 4. I said to the man, "Are you living in a hotel?"
- 5. She asked him: "When did you read that book?"
- 6. "Take my luggage to Room 145," he said to the porter.
- 7. "My friend lives in Moscow," said Alec.
- 8. "I am going to the theatre tonight," he said to me.
- 9. I said to Mike, "Have you packed your suit-case?"
- 10. "Why don't you drink your tea?" said my mother to me.

Exercise 2. Восстановите прямую речь в следующих предложениях и переведите их.

- 1. Mary told John that she preferred sunny days.
- 2. I asked Mike if he had "Gulliver's Travels".
- 3. Mother told me not to be late for dinner.
- 4. He asked her if she had ever walked in rainy weather.
- 5. Boris told me that he wanted to build a radio set.
- 6. The woman told him not to worry and go home quietly.
- 7. I asked the secretary if I might speak to the secretary.
- 8. George said it was very difficult to play that role.
- 9. The teacher asked who was ill.
- 10. She said that her brother was playing chess with her grandfather.

Выполнение практических работ 2

Упражнение 1. Проанализируйте употребление модальных глаголов в следующих предложениях.

1. May we open the window? 2. Can she play chess? 3. You are ill and should visit a doctor. 4. She ought to help her parents. 5. You must not park your car here. 6. Children wouldn't do their home task. 7. My son can drive a car. 8. The Smiths may be at home now. 9. Peter graduated from the University and ought to know this process. 10. Tell your sister that she needn't leave now. 11. In summer we would go to the forest. 12. Couldn't he do this work himself? 13. Would you tell me the time? 14. Must we attend this seminar? No, you needn't. 15. She might have done her work in time. 16. This term you are to take part in our conferences. 17. Why should Mary give you her money? 18. Who can answer all my questions? 19. It may be cold in the evening. 20. You shouldn't ask Peter so many questions. 21. It was raining and my children had to stay at home. 22. Ann ought to know English well because she studied it abroad. 23. The boys would often swim in the river. 24. When I went to school I could not read and write. 25. You must read this book. 26. The students could have written their term papers better. 27. Your son should stop smoking. 28. We asked Tom to stay but he wouldn't agree. 29. How should I get there? 30. The tourists had to wait for their bus longer than usually.

Упражнение 2. Выберите нужный вариант перевода.

A

- 1. <u>Both of you should consult the teacher.</u>
 - а) Вы оба можете посоветоваться с учителем.
 - b) Вам обоим следует посоветоваться с учителем.
 - с) Вы оба могли бы посоветоваться с учителем.
- 2. Your specialists ought to know the process.
 - а) Ваши специалисты, возможно, знают этот процесс.
 - b) Ваши специалисты обязаны знать этот процесс.
 - с) Ваши специалисты могут знать этот процесс.
- 3. <u>Ann couldn't have said that.</u>
 - а) Анна не могла сказать этого.
 - b) Анна не должна была говорить такое.
 - с) Анна не сможет сказать такое.
- 4. I wouldn't listen to them.
 - а) Я не мог их слушать,
 - b) Я не хотел их слушать.
 - с) Я не должен был их слушать.
- 5. You may stay with us.
 - а) Ты должен остаться с нами.
 - b) Ты обязан остаться с нами.
 - с) Ты можешь остаться с нами.
- 6. Who is to do this work?
 - а) Кто может выполнить эту работу?
 - b) Кто должен выполнить эту работу?

- с) Кто смог выполнить эту работу?
- 7. They had to stay at home.
 - а) Они могут остаться дома.
 - b) Они обязаны остаться дома.
 - с) Им пришлось остаться дома.

- 1. You will ... speak English better if you communicate with Englishmen more often.
 - a) can
 - b) have
 - c) be able to
 - d) ought
- 2. I want ... speak English fluently.
 - a) to can
 - b) to be able to
 - c) to have to
 - d) could
- 3. I ... get up early not to be late for my lesson.
 - a) am able
 - b) have to
 - c) must
 - d) may
- 4. I ... have called you before coming.
 - a) should to
 - b) ought to
 - c) had to
 - d) could
- 5. Small children ... obey their parents.
 - a) ought to
 - b) need to
 - c) must
 - d) may
- 6. Nobody answers the phone. They ... be away.
 - a) should
 - b) would
 - c) can
 - d) must
- 7. You ... worry about your examination because you are well prepared for it.
 - a) need to

- b) need not to
- c) could not
- d) must not
- 8. ... you, please, close the door?
 - a) will
 - b) should
 - c) could
 - d) would
- 9. You ... consult the dictionary to translate this word.
 - a) should
 - b) must
 - c) can
 - d) have to
- 10. ... I speak to Mr.Collins, please?
 - a) could
 - b) shall
 - c) must
 - d) ought
- 11. You ... take so many heavy books to school with you.
 - a) need not
 - b) must not
 - c) ought not
 - d) should not
- 12. You ... take care of your health!
 - a) may
 - b) ought to
 - c) must
 - d) should
- 13. The passengers ... come in time not to miss the plane.
 - a) should
 - b) must
 - c) might
 - d) need not
- 14. I be really mean to her, but I don't want to treat her like that.

- a) need
- *b)* could
- c) could have
- d) have
- 15. You follow the law or you will go to jail.
 - a) could have
 - b) need
 - c) must
 - d) have
- 16. I go to the wedding. I have to work on the same day.
 - a) could have
 - b) need
 - c) can't
 - d) haven't
- 17. I really be angry with him. It's not his fault.
 - a) haven't
 - b) have
 - c) shouldn't
 - d) couldn't have
- 18. I go to Hawaii this year. I've almost saved up enough money for the flight.
 - a) might
 - b) don't have
 - c) need
 - d) have
- 19. She speak for a moment. She was too emotional.
 - a) should
 - b) need to
 - c) must have
 - d) couldn't

- 20. Do you to work on Sundays?
 - a) must
 - b) could
 - c) should
 - d) have
- 21. I go to see the doctor last week because I was very ill.
 - a) must
 - b) must to
 - c) had to
- 22. I go now because I am already late for my class.
 - a) must
 - b) had
 - c) have to
- 23. I may able to come to your party if I have the time.
 - a) be
 - b) being
 - c) being to
- 24. I speak French without a problem now because I have had many lessons.
 - a) may
 - b) can
 - c) have
- 25. They do their homework today because it is a holiday at the school.
 - a) must not
 - b) don't have
 - c) don't have to

РАЗДЕЛ 3. ДЕЛОВАЯ И ПРОФЕССИОНАЛЬНАЯ СРЕДА ОБЩЕНИЯ. ЭТИКА И НОРМЫ ДЕЛОВОГО И ПРОФЕССИОНАЛЬНОГО ОБЩЕНИЯ

Тестиров	ание 1		
ĺ.	And this he threw	6.	so far away he still
himself ba	ck in the armchair.	feels part o	of the community.
a)	said	a)	was
b)	have said	b)	be
c)	was saying	c)	being
d)	saying	7.	The boy came out of the
2.	what he wanted he	water	from top to toe.
took his ha	at and left.	a)	was shaking
a)	Having got	b)	having shaken
b)	Getting	c)	shaking
3.	By this time to the	8.	all our
atmospher	re of the big city, he no longer	preparation	ns we hired a taxi and hurried
felt a stran	ger.	off.	
a)	getting used	<i>a)</i>	Having completed
<i>b)</i>	having got used	b)	Completing
c)	got used	c)	Having complete
4.	I spent about ten minutes	d)	Completed
ov	ver the sixteen pages of The	9.	her by the arm he
Guardian 1	before I found the main news	helped her	out of the taxi.
and article	es.	a)	Supported
a)	turn	<i>b)</i>	Supporting
b)	having turned	10.	such difficulties
c)	turning	she was at	a loss.
5.	I felt refreshed and rested	a)	Never experienced
fo	r eight hours.	b)	Having experienced never
a)	sleeping	c)	Never have experienced
<i>b)</i>	having slept	d)	Having never experienced
c)	slept		

Выполнение практических работ 1

Выполняются грамматические упражнения

Переведите предложения, определите форму причастий.

- 1. They stood together quietly holding each other's hands.
- 2. Knowing English well he had no language problems in London.
- 3. The two lovers sat on the bench looking up at the stars.
- 4. When writing the book he came across many interesting facts.
- 5. Having no friends the boy kept silent all the time.
- 6. The woman was walking along the road crying loudly.

- 7. Sitting in the cafe she spilt some juice on her new blouse.
- 8. Reading many books he often takes part in quiz shows.
- 9. A stranger ran up to me saying something nervously.
- 10. The girl standing at the window is my sister.

1. Do you like football on TV?	C) to solve
A) watch	D) solved
B) watched	6. Have you got anything?
C) watches	A) reading
D) watching	B) to read
2. Thank you for me.	C) read
A) helping	D) reads
B) help	7. She is good at
C) to help	A) to swim
D) helped	B) swimming
3. I'm afraid of mistakes.	C) swims
A) to make	D) swum
B) made	8. My father does the himself.
C) make	A) ironing
D) making	B) irons
4. It is important	C) to iron
A) to win	D) iron
B) winning	9. My mother does all the
C) win	A) cleaning
D) won	B) to clean
5. A: This problem is too difficult. I	C) cleans
can't solve it.	D) clean
B: Is it really too difficult for you	10. The boy in the dentist's chair
?	has got toothache.
A) solving	A) sitting
B) solve	B) sat
<i>D</i> , 50110	C) sit
	D) sits

Выполнение практических работ 2

Определите временную и залоговую форму герундия.

- 1. Children, stop talking and start working.
- 2. Ann began working with us some years ago.
- 3. This museum is worth visiting.
- 4. My brother was proud of having spoken to the famous sportsman.
- 5. Little children like being told fairy tales.
- 6. Who knows that man who stopped working?

- 7. The friends talked without stopping.
- 8. We do not mind your coming to our place on Sunday.
- 9. On being told the news we hurried home.
- 10. I thanked George for having helped me.

- 1. A: I wonder who took my alarm clock.
- B: It ... Julia. She ... supposed to get up early.
- A) might be / is
- B) could be / is
- C) had to be / was
- D) must have been / was
- 2. His illness got worse and worse. In the end he ... go into hospital for an operation.
- A) will have to
- B) must
- C) had to
- D) ought to have
- 3. We ... leave now or we'll be late.
- A) has to
- B) must
- C) can
- D) will
- 4. She tried to get out of the house, but The doors were locked.
- A) couldn't
- B) wouldn't
- C) was to
- D) needn't
- 5. Yesterday he ... do all the housework
- A) had to
- B) must
- C) can't
- D) may
- 6. It's later than I thought. I ... go.

- A) could
- B) can
- C) would
- D) Must
- 7. We ... go shopping this week. We've got plenty of food.
- A) needn't
- B) should
- C) can
- D) mustn't
- 8. You ... here until I return. Don't go anywhere.
- A) can stay
- *B)* are to stay
- C) might stay
- D) need to stay
- 9. People ... keep their words.
- A) have to
- B) ought to
- C) can
- D) are able
- 10. You ... enter without a tie.
- A) aren't
- B) can't
- C) ought not
- D) weren't
- 11. I ... to the shop so I stayed at home.
- A) needn't have gone
- B) didn't need to go
- C) mustn't go
- D) should go

12. You've been travelling all day. You 14. "Is he an honest person?" – "You be tired. be joking! He is a compulsive liar." A) can B) must A) can C) need to B) must D) will C) need to D) has to 13. When I was a child, I ... a flashlight to bed with me so that I ... 15. A: She can't sing. read comic books without my parents' B: Neither knowing them. A) do I A) used to take / could B) could I B) was used to taking / could C) am I C) would take / can D) can I D) would have taken / was able to Тестирование 4 Our English teacher told us ... a) crossed English as much as possible. b) cross a) speak c) to cross b) to speak 6.John was said ... the piano. c) speaks a) play 2. We expected them ... earlier b) to play c) to be played today. 7. A car was heard ... outside the a) came b) come door. a) stops c) to come 3. Why are you crying? What has b) to stop made you ...? c) stop a) to cry 8. Leonardo da Vinci is known ... a great Italian artist. b) crying a) to be c) cry 4. The vase is expensive. Don't let b) be children ... here. c) been

a) to play b) play

c) playing

road.

5. Yesterday I saw Mary ... the

9. The new methods of work appear

... very effective.

a) are

b) be

c) to be

РАЗДЕЛ 4 ФИНАНСЫ В СИСТЕМЕ МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ЭКОНОМИЧЕСКИХ ОТНОШЕНИЙ

Тестирование

1. If I knew his address, I him.	a) wouldn't have fell
a) visited	b) didn't fall
b) would visit	c) wouldn't have fallen
c) had visited	7. We will stay at this hotel provided it
2. If Sue anybody the news, it	much.
won't be a secret.	a) doesn't cost
a) tells	b) didn't cost
b) had told	c) hadn't cost
c) told	8. If Mark for the job, he would
3. If Tom the bus, he would have	have got it.
come to the meeting on time.	a) applies
a) hasn't missed	b) will apply
b) missed	c) had applied
c) hadn't missed	9. If it were not for the snow, we a
4. If I see Jill, I her to call you.	car to the cinema.
a) would remind	a) can drive
b) will remind	b) could drive
c) has reminded	c) could drove
5. If I were you, I the red dress.	10. If he had phoned me, I him the
a) had chosen	home task.
b) would choose	a) would have told
c) choose	b) would tell
6. If she had been taking care of her	c) told
health, she ill.	,
110ditii, 5110 111.	

Выполнение практических работ

1. Раскройте скобки в условных предложениях I типа и поставьте глаголы в правильную форму.

H-p: If it ... (rain), we ... (stay) at home. (Если пойдет дождь, мы останемся дома.) – If it *rains*, we *shall stay* at home.

- 1. If he ... (practice) every day, he ... (become) a champion. (Если он будет тренироваться каждый день, он станет чемпионом.)
- 2. She ... (help) us if we ... (ask). (Она поможет нам, если мы попросим.)
- 3. If they ... (have) enough money, they ... (open) a restaurant next year. (Если у них будет достаточно денег, они откроют ресторан в следующем году.)
- 4. I ... (not talk) to you anymore if you ... (insult) me. (Я не буду с тобой больше разговаривать, если ты обидишь меня.)

- 5. If Bob ... (not keep) his word, Anna ... (be angry) with him. (Если Боб не сдержит слово, Анна разозлится на него.)
- 2. Раскройте скобки в условных предложениях II типа и поставьте глаголы в правильную форму.

H-p: If Susan ... (move) to Tokyo, she ... (live) near her sister. (Если бы Сюзан переехала в Токио, она бы жила рядом со своей сестрой.) — If Susan *moved* to Tokyo, she *would live* near her sister.

- 1. If you ... (have) a driving license, you ... (get) this job. (Если бы у тебя были водительские права, ты бы получил эту работу.)
- 2. My dog ... (be) 20 years old today if it ... (be) alive. (Моей собаке исполнилось бы 20 лет сегодня, если бы она была жива.)
- 3. I ... (go) to the police if I ... (be) you. (Я бы обратился в полицию на твоем месте.)
- 4. If people ... (not buy) guns, the world ... (become) safer. (Если бы люди не покупали оружие, мир стал бы безопаснее.)
- 5. Tom ... (not eat) much "fast food" if his wife ... (cook) at home. (Том не ел бы много «фастфуда», если бы его жена готовила дома.)
- 3. Раскройте скобки в условных предложениях III типа и поставьте глаголы в правильную форму.

H-p: John ... (not have) a car accident if he ... (choose) another road. (Джон не попал бы в автомобильную аварию, если бы выбрал другую дорогу.) – John wouldn't have had a car accident if he had chosen another road.

- 1. I ... (visit) Sarah yesterday if I ... (know) that she was ill. (Я бы навестил Сару вчера, если бы знал, что она больна.)
- 2. If you ... (go) with me to Paris last month, you ... (see) the Eifel Tower too. (Если бы ты поехал со мной в Париж в прошлом месяце, ты бы тоже увидел Эйфелеву башню.)
- 3. We ... (not get wet) if you ... (take) an umbrella. (Мы бы не промокли, если бы ты взяла зонт.)
- 4. If Mum ... (not open) the windows, our room ... (not be) full of mosquitoes. (Если бы мама не открыла окна, наша комната не была бы полна комаров.)
- 5. Nick ... (not be) so tired this morning if he ... (go to bed) early last night. (Ник не был бы таким уставшим этим утром, если бы рано лег спать прошлой ночью.)

оценка учебной деятельности студента

Критерии оценки устных ответов

Критерии оценки ус Оценка	Уровень подготовки
«Отлично»	Выставляется обучающемуся, который:
	– полно раскрыл содержание материала в объеме, предусмотренном
	программой и учебником;
	– изложил материал грамотным языком, точно используя
	терминологию и символику, в определенной логической
	последовательности;
	– правильно выполнил рисунки, чертежи, графики, сопутствующие
	ответу;
	– показал умение иллюстрировать теорию конкретными примерами,
	применять ее в новой ситуации при выполнении практического
	задания;
	– продемонстрировал знание теории ранее изученных сопутствующих
	тем, сформированность и устойчивость используемых при ответе
	умений и навыков;
	– отвечал самостоятельно, без наводящих вопросов преподавателя;
	возможны одна-две неточности при освещение второстепенных
	вопросов или в выкладках, которые обучающийся легко исправил
	после замечания преподавателя.
«Хорошо»	Выставляется обучающемуся, если:
	– его ответ удовлетворяет в основном требованиям на оценку
	«отлично», но при этом имеет некоторые из недостатков: в
	изложении допущены небольшие пробелы, не исказившее
	содержание ответа;
	– допущены 1-2 недочета при освещении основного содержания
	ответа, исправленные после замечания преподавателя;
	– допущены ошибка или более 2 недочетов при освещении
	второстепенных вопросов или в выкладках, легко исправленные
	после замечания преподавателя.
«Удовлетворительно»	Выставляется обучающемуся, который:
	– неполно излагает содержание материала (содержание изложено
	фрагментарно, не всегда последовательно), но показывает общее
	понимание вопроса и демонстрирует умения, достаточные для
	усвоения программного материала;
	– имелись затруднения или допущены ошибки в определении
	терминологии, чертежах, выкладках, исправленные после
	нескольких наводящих вопросов преподавателя;
	– не справляется с применением теории в новой ситуации при
	выполнении практического задания, но выполняет задания
	обязательного уровня сложности по данной теме.
«Неудовлетворительно»	Выставляется обучающемуся, который:
	 не раскрывает основное содержание учебного материала;
	- обнаружено незнание обучающимся большей или наиболее важной
	части учебного материала;
	– допущены ошибки в определении понятий, при использовании
	терминологии, в рисунках, чертежах или графиках, в выкладках,
	которые не исправлены после нескольких наводящих вопросов
	которые не исправлены после нескольких наводящих вопросов

Критерии оценки письменных работ

Оценка	Уровень подготовки
«Отлично»	Выставляется обучающемуся, если:
	– работа выполнена полностью;
	– в обосновании решения и логических рассуждениях нет пробелов и
	ошибок;

	- в решении нет ошибок (возможны некоторые неточности, описки,		
	которые не являются следствием незнания или непонимания		
	учебного материала).		
«Хорошо»	Выставляется обучающемуся, если:		
	– работа выполнена полностью, но обоснования шагов решения		
	недостаточны (если умение обосновывать рассуждения не являлось		
	специальным объектом проверки);		
	– допущены 1 ошибка, или есть 2–3 недочёта в выкладках, рисунках,		
	чертежах или графиках (если эти виды работ не являлись		
	специальным объектом проверки).		
«Удовлетворительно»	Выставляется обучающемуся, если:		
	– допущено не более двух ошибок или более двух-трех недочетов в		
	выкладках, чертежах или графиках, но обучающийся обладает		
	обязательными умениями по проверяемой теме.		
«Неудовлетворительно»	Выставляется обучающемуся, если: — допущены существенные ошибки, показавшие, что обучающийся не		
	обладает обязательными умениями по данной теме в полной мере.		

Преподаватель может повысить отметку за оригинальный ответ на вопрос или оригинальное решение задачи; за решение более сложной задачи или ответ на более сложный вопрос, предложенные обучающемуся дополнительно после выполнения им какихлибо других заданий.

Критерии оценки тестовых заданий

Процент результативности Оценка уровня подготовки			
(правильных ответов)	Балл	Вербальный аналог	
При наличии 20 вопросов в тесте:			
18 ÷ 20	5	онрицто	
15 ÷ 17	4	хорошо	
12 ÷ 14	3	удовлетворительно	
менее 12	2	неудовлетворительно	
При наличии 15 вопросов в тесте:			
14 ÷ 15	5	отлично	
12 ÷ 13	4	хорошо	
10 ÷ 11	3	удовлетворительно	
менее 10	2	неудовлетворительно	
При наличии 10 вопросов в тесте:			
9 ÷ 10	5	отлично	
7 ÷ 8	4	хорошо	
5 ÷ 6	3	удовлетворительно	
менее 5	2	неудовлетворительно	
При наличии 5 вопросов в тесте:			
5	5	отлично	
4	4	хорошо	
3	3	удовлетворительно	
2	2	неудовлетворительно	